

Resilient Interdependent Infrastructure Processes and Systems (RIPS)

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Infrastructures

- Critical infrastructures mainstay of national economy, security and health
 - **Energy** - production and distribution of natural gas, coal, refined oil products, and electricity
 - **Transportation** - mobility to people and goods through combinations of air, rail, road, water-borne modes
 - **Telecommunications** - landline and mobile telephony, GPS signaling, internet and intranets, and associated data management and computing services
 - **Water** - sourcing, storage, processing and distribution of water, and recovery, processing, reuse and disposal of waste water
- Infrastructures are generally conceived here:
 - networks of systems and processes
 - function collaboratively and synergistically
 - produce and distribute a continuous flow of essential goods and services

Infrastructures are Interdependent

○ Interdependent Critical Infrastructure Systems (ICIs)

- Example of Interdependencies

Electric power system depends on fuel delivery to power generating stations through transportation services

→ Production of fuel needs electrical power

→ Fuels needed for transportation

Interdisciplinary

- Interdisciplinary paradigm integrating:
 - Cyber-physical
 - Engineering
 - Social, behavioral and economic (SBE) sciences

General Program Goals

- (1) Foster interdisciplinary research community to discover new knowledge for design and operation of infrastructures as processes and services
- (2) Enhance understanding of ICI design and processes that provide essential goods and services despite disruptions/failures from various causes:
 - Natural
 - Technological
 - Organizational
 - Regulatory
 - Cyberspace
 - Malicious
- (3) Create knowledge for innovation in ICIs to advance society with new goods and services

Specific Program Objectives

- (1) Create theoretical frameworks and multidisciplinary computational models of interdependent infrastructure systems, processes and services
 - Analytical prediction of complex behaviors
 - Response to system and policy changes
- (2) Synthesize approaches to increase resilience, interoperations, performance and readiness
- (3) Understand organizational, social, psychological, legal, political and economic obstacles to
 - improving ICIs
 - identifying strategies for overcoming those obstacles

Computer Science Perspective

- Rapid adoption and pervasiveness of
 - Computing
 - Communications
 - Information communications technologies
- New capabilities of
 - Awareness
 - Autonomy
 - Interoperability
 - Cooperation
 - Control

Computer Science Perspective

- ICIs composed of deeply interconnected cyber-physical-social systems promise
 - significantly improved service resiliency against all hazards
- Connections with cyberspace also open ICIs to new classes of threats and vulnerabilities

Award Types

- Type I Awards
 - 1-2 years with \$300k max
 - Theory, modeling, metrics projects to create knowledge/methods to conceptualize and study interdependent infrastructure as processes and services
- Type II Awards
 - 3 years with \$1-2.5M max
 - As above + conduct major new interdisciplinary, interdependent infrastructure research

Total of \$17M awarded

Awards Made

○RIPS Type I

- (1) The Interdependent Criticality of Built, Social, and Information Infrastructures in Community Resilience: A New Framework and Participatory Process – *Lead: University of Colorado Boulder*
- (2) Human Geography Motifs to Evaluate Infrastructure Resilience – *Lead: University of Maryland*
- (3) A Meta-Network Systems Framework for Resilient Analysis and Design of Modern Interdependent Critical Infrastructures – *Lead: New York University*

Awards Made

○RIPS Type II

- (1) Quantifying Disaster Resilience of Critical Infrastructure-based Societal Systems with Emergent Behavior and Dynamic Interdependencies – *Lead: University of Maryland*
- (2) Towards Resilient Computational Models of Electricity – *Gas ICI – Lead: MIT*
- (3) Strategic Analysis and Design of Robust and Resilient Interdependent Power and Communication Networks – *Lead: Washington State University*
- (4) Vulnerability Assessment and Resilient Design – *Lead: University of Florida*
- (5) Resilience Simulation for Water, Power and Road Networks – *Lead: Arizona State University*
- (6) Participatory Modeling of Complex Urban Infrastructure Systems – *Lead: Georgia Tech*
- (7) Water and Electricity Infrastructure in the Southeast (WEIS) Approaches to Resilient and Interdependent Systems under Climate Change – *Lead: Carnegie Mellon University*

Directorates Involved

- Engineering (ENG)
- Computer and Information Science and Engineering (CISE)
- Social, Behavioral and Economic Sciences (SBE)

Thank you

More info on current awards http://www.nsf.gov/news/news_summ.jsp?cntn_id=132852